1 ENGROSSED HOUSE By: George of the House BILL NO. 3782 2 and 3 Gollihare of the Senate 4 5 6 7 An Act relating to criminal procedure; amending 22 8 O.S. 2021, Section 1101, as amended by Section 1, 9 Chapter 117, O.S.L. 2022 (22 O.S. Supp. 2023, Section 1101), which relates to persons authorized to take 10 bail; providing for the denial of release on bond under certain circumstances; and providing an effective date. 11 12 13 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 14 SECTION 1. 22 O.S. 2021, Section 1101, as AMENDATORY 15 amended by Section 1, Chapter 117, O.S.L. 2022 (22 O.S. Supp. 2023, 16 Section 1101), is amended to read as follows: 17 Section 1101. A. Except as otherwise provided by law, bail, by 18 sufficient sureties, shall be admitted upon all arrests in criminal 19 cases where the offense is not punishable by death and in such cases 20 it may be taken by any of the persons or courts authorized by law to 21 arrest, to imprison offenders or to perform pretrial services, or by 22 the clerk of the district court or his or her deputy, or by the 23 judge of such courts.

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- B. In criminal cases where the defendant is currently an escaped prisoner from the Department of Corrections, the defendant must be processed back into the Department of Corrections prior to bail being set on new criminal charges.
 - C. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, except that bail may be denied for:
 - 1. Capital offenses when the proof of guilt is evident, or the presumption thereof is great;
 - 2. Violent offenses;

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- 3. Offenses where the maximum sentence may be life imprisonment or life imprisonment without parole;
- 4. Felony offenses where the person charged with the offense has been convicted of two or more felony offenses arising out of different transactions; and
- 5. Controlled dangerous substances offenses where the maximum sentence may be at least ten (10) years' imprisonment.
- On all offenses specified in paragraphs 2 through 5 of this subsection, the proof of guilt must be evident, or the presumption must be great, and it must be on the grounds that no condition of release would assure the safety of the community or any person.
- D. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that no condition of release would assure the safety of the community if the state shows by clear and convincing evidence that the person was arrested for a violation of Section 741 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

1	E. If the person was arrested for any crime provided for in the
2	Protection from Domestic Abuse Act or a violent crime provided for
3	in Section 571 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the court shall
4	be responsible for assessing prior patterns of abuse and shall
5	present written findings on the bail amount.

- F. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that no conditions of release on bond would assure the safety of the community or any person therein if the state shows by clear and convincing evidence that:
- 1. The person was arrested for a violent offense and released on bond; and
- 2. While out on said bond, the person was subsequently arrested and charged for a violent crime as set forth for in Section 571 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024.

1	Passed the House of Representatives the 5th day of March, 2024.
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4	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
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6	Passed the Senate the day of, 2024.
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9	Presiding Officer of the Senate
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